THE [*Numb.* 587.]

# *MARYLAND* GAZETTE,

*Containing the freſheſt Advices foreign and domeſtic.*

THURSDAY, *Auguſt* 5, 1756.

*MINORCA, April* 21.

THE French Troops, which landed the 18th Inſtant, took Poſſeſſion of Citadella, upon the Engliſh Garriſon's retiring from thence. The Marſhal Duke Richelieu and Count Galiſſoniere, accompanied by the principal Officers of the Army, received the Compliments of the Magiſtracy on their Entrance into this City. At the ſame Time the Marſhal told them, "We are not come to "attack you. The King my Maſter has no other Reaſon "for ſending me hither than to obtain Satisfaction for the "Inſults and Injuries done him by the Engliſh. You may "depend on my Protection, and be aſſured of my Care that "the Troops under my Command ſhall behave well, com-"mitting no Kind of Violence of any Sort, and pay for "what they buy. But beware of carrying on any Correſ-"pondence with the Enemy; in caſe of your ſo doing, be "aſſured of being treated with the utmoſt Severity." Upon the Marſhal's taking Poſſeſſion of this City, Te Deum was ſung in the great Church, and a triple Diſcharge of the Cannon on board the Fleet, and from the Garriſon at the ſame Time; after which the Duke gave a grand Entertainment to the Government, &c.

On the 19th the Marſhal took Poſſeſſion of a ſmall Fort abandoned by the Engliſh, which ſerved to cover Fornelle, a ſmall Port, ſituated on the Eaſtern Side of the Iſland, at the Point of a ſmall Bay, near a Cape of the ſame Name.

On the 20th, the Marquis de Meſnil, and the Marquis de Montenard, two Lieutenant Generals, were detached from the Army with 24 Companies of Grenadiers and a Royal Brigade, to encamp at Mercadol, from whence they were to advance towards Mahon, in order to block up that Port, on the Eaſtern Side of the Bay, whilſt the main Body of the Army is to inveſt Fort St. Philip, in which General Blakeney has gathered the chief Body of his Troops, to the Amount of 2500 Men, as ſome ſay, or 2000, according to the Report of others. This Day the heavy Artillery deſtined for the Siege began its March. The Fleet commanded by Count de la Galiſſoniere, is preparing to block up the Entrance of the Bay of Port Mahon, in Expectation of the Arrival of Admiral Byng, and with Orders to fight him.

The Iſlanders ſeemed pleaſed with the Arrival of the French, and gave them all poſſible Aſſiſtance in landing their Troops and Artillery, and ſupplying them with all Manner of Proviſions.

*Paris A-la-main, May* 10. A Report ſtrongly prevails here, that we have loſt a Thouſand Men before St. Philips, and that the Duke de Richelieu's Nephew and ſeveral other General Officers were killed.

LONDON, *May* 15.

The Prince George of 80, the Hampton Court of 64, the Naſſau of 64, the Tilbury of 60, and Iſis of 50 Guns, are ordered to ſail to the Mediterranean to join Admiral Byng.

Extract of a Letter from Port-Mahon.

"*Our Spirits are ſo good, our Garriſon ſo hearty, and our Supplies ſo ample, that if our Works do not defend us, and we our Works, until we can be relieved by ſtrong Hands, we deſerve to be buried in their Ruins. And as General Blakeney is Governor, who ſo gallantly defended Stirling Caſtle in the laſt Rebellion, againſt the whole Force of the Rebels, and who is a Gentleman that has ſerved long, and likewiſe has a great Character as an Officer, we need be under leſs Apprehenſion for this Place.*"

The Packet-boat from hence to France on hearing that War was declared in Paris the 10th Inſtant, immediately ſailed back again with the Mail.

Orders are given to the Ships of War to make Prizes of all Veſſels of what Nation ſoever that ſhall be found to carry Proviſions or Warlike Stores to our perfidious Enemy the French.

Laſt Night Notice was ſtuck up at the Poſt-Office, that the Mail was ſtopped from going to France.

*Dublin, May* 25. We are informed by private Letters which came by the laſt Expreſs, that Fort St. Philip was not taken by the French the 4th Inſtant. That Admiral Byng being informed at Gibraltar that the French Fleet were much ſuperior to him in Number, waited for a Reinforcement, which he daily expected, and would then ſail to attack the French: That a certain noble Peer (L. A.) had declared laſt Tueſday on the Royal Exchange, that the Fleet was ready to ſail ſixteen Days before they had ſailing Orders given them from the proper Perſons for that Purpoſe, which hath given great Uneaſineſs and Conſternation: That Commodore Edgecombe had got ſafe out of the Harbour of Mahon: That the Lords and Commons had voted Addreſſes to his Majeſty, that he would be pleaſed to lay before them ſuch Accounts as the Miniſtry had received, with their different Dates, of their Preparations of War by Sea and Land for America, Minorca and other Places, in order to make proper Enquiry into them for the Satisfaction of the Nation.

*May* 29. It is ſaid that 4 Iriſh and 6 Engliſh Regiments will very ſpeedily go upon a ſecret Expedition.

*Extract of a Letter from Plymouth, May* 25.

"Juſt now arrived his Majeſty's Ship the Lyme, Captain Vernon, of 20 Guns, who the 17th Inſtant, cruizing off Rochefort, in Company with the Colcheſter, Capt. Obrian, of 50 Guns, fell in with two French Men of War, one of 60 Guns, and the other of 36, when the two latter drew up in a Line, and fired firſt at the Colcheſter, upon which an Engagement began at 6 in the Evening, the Colcheſter with the 60 Gun Ship, and the Lyme with that of 36 Guns. At Half an Hour paſt Eleven the French Frigate lay to to ſtop her Leaks, having before made the Signal of ſtriking, but ſunk in leſs than five Minutes: Between Eleven and One the Colcheſter, as they believe, was on Fire, by a Cloud of Smoke which they ſaw ariſe, but that diſappearing, ſhe bore away at S. S. W. The French Man of War of 60 Guns then came up with the Lyme, thinking ſhe was her Companion, but the Lyme not anſwering her Signals, ſhe bore away again. The Lyme is in a very ſhattered Condition, having had 80 Shot through her Main-top-ſail, 54 in her Main-ſail, and her Fore-ſail ſet on Fire, and had ſeveral Shot between Wind and Water. She has only three Men killed, but many wounded. The Colcheſter is ſaid to be arrived."

BOSTON, *July* 12.

Laſt Wedneſday Night arrived here Capt. Jones in 8 Days from Halifax, in whom came Paſſenger the Hon. Jonathan Belcher, Eſq; Chief Juſtice of the Province of Nova-Scotia. By Capt. Jones we have Advice, that about a Fortnight before he failed, his Majeſty's Ship Norwich of 50 Guns, fell in with L'Arc-en-Ciel, a French Man of War of 54 Guns, and between 7 and 800 Men, and had a ſmart Engagement with her for 3 Hours, when the Litchfield of 60 Guns came up, and having given her 2 Broadſides, ſhe ſtruck to the Norwich, having loſt many of her Men; and 'tis ſaid but few of the Engliſh were killed. She was ſtanding in for Halifax as Capt. Jones came out. We have alſo a Confirmation of the Account of Capt. Rous's taking a large Store Ship, with theſe further Particulars, viz. That ſhe had on board a great Quantity of Powder, Fire Arms, 2 large Braſs Mortars, 2 Braſs Cannon, and other warlike Stores and military Accoutrements. And by Letters found on board her, the Captors learned, that a Fleet of 14 Sail, conſiſting of Men of War, Store-Ships, and Tranſports, ſail'd in Company with her from France, bound to Louiſbourg.—Alſo, That Commodore Holmes in the Grafton of 70 Guns, with the Nottingham of 60, who arrived at Halifax from New-York, was to ſail in a few Days, with two or three other Ships of War then in Port, to join the Fleet cruizing off Cape-Breton, which conſiſted of 8 Sail. 'Tis ſaid the Prize is a Dutch Veſſel, and was navigated with Dutch Sailors.

*July* 19. By Letters from Albany we learn, that all the Provincial Troops, under the Command of General Winſlow, at the Half-moon, decamped the 12th Inſtant, and marched for Lake George with 230 Teams of Oxen, 6 Oxen to a Team, 500 Waggons, and 60 ſpare Horſes, with Whale-boats and Battoes almoſt innumerable.

By an Expreſs from the Weſtward we have Advice, that on the 11th Inſtant, towards the Evening, three Men belonging to the Fort at Hooſuck, being at a ſmall Diſtance from it, were fired upon by a Party of French and Indians, and two of them killed, and the third taken Captive. That the French were well dreſſed, had laced Hats and Cockades (ſuppoſed to be Regulars) and it was feared they would attack the Fort next Morning, which could make but a poor Defence, having only ſeven Men in it.

By a Fiſhing Schooner from Halifax, we are informed, that the large Store Ship taken by Capt. Rous (as formerly mentioned) was ſafe arrived there, notwithſtanding the Priſoners had attempted to overcome the Captors. It is ſaid four of the Prize's Crew were killed before they could be ſuppreſſed.

NEW-YORK, *July* 19.

Wedneſday laſt the Snow Meliſcent, Captain Scrogham, and Ship Betſey, Captain Caſelton, arrived here in eight Weeks from Portſmouth, with Stores for the Troops in this Province.

The Brig mentioned in our laſt, that lay at the Watering-Place, commanded by Captain Waynman, came up the 14th Inſtant, and all poſſible Diligence is now uſed in fitting her out for a Privateer. A Sloop commanded by Captain Grantham is in ſuch Forwardneſs, on the ſame Deſign, that her Water was put on board Saturday laſt. A Schooner, and two or three other Sloops will alſo be ready, in a ſhort Time; and many more Veſſels are nominated for the like Purpoſe; all which we expect will be ready to puſh off in a very few Days after War is declared here.

Thurſday Night laſt Captain Dill arrived here from St. Euſtatia in ſeventeen Days, by whom we have Advice, that Commodore Frankland was cruizing off Martinico with five Sail of the Line.

*Extract of a Letter from Albany, dated June* 10.

"All our Provincial Forces are advanced. The Main Body of them are encamped at Half-Moon, about twelve Miles from hence; the reſt encamped, or in Garriſon, at Saraghtoga, Fort-Hardy, Stillwater, Fort-Miller, Fort-Edward, and Fort-William-Henry. The brave Captain Rogers is gone out with a Party of 55 Men on a bold and daring Enterprize; and by the Accounts I have had ſince, is likely to ſucceed: When I was at Fort William-Henry (which was the ſecond Inſtant) it was thought he had got ſafe paſt the French Army, Crown-Point-Fort, and had got undiſcovered into Lake-Champlain. Since I came from the Fort, one of Rogers's Party is returned, who ſays, he loſt himſelf; and the Account he gives is, That they got ſafe over Lake-George, cut a Road through the Buſhes, firſt carried their Packs, and then their Whale-boats on their Shoulders, to Lake-Champlain. 'Tis ſaid Rogers deſigns to ſtrike a Blow in the Heart of Canada, or burn the French Brig on Lake-Champlain, and make his Retreat to the Borders of New-England, to Fort Number 4. Two Expreſſes are arrived at the Camp, near this City, one from Fort William-Henry, from Colonel Bagly, that 40 Battoes, with 30 Men in each, had appeared on Lake-George, in Sight of the Fort; the ſame was confirmed by an Expreſs from Colonel Ruggles. On the 8th Inſtant a Detachment of 500 Men marched from Half-Moon to reinforce the Garriſon of Fort William-Henry.

*P. S.* Sir WILLIAM JOHNSON had a narrow Eſcape in returning from Onondago, being three different Times Waylaid by the Enemy; but ſome of his truſty Mohawks found him out a Road unknown to them."

*Copy of a Letter from an Officer in the Army, to a Gentleman in this Town, dated Trois Rivieres, July* 6, 1756.

"The Third Inſtant, at Ten A. M. I left Oſwego with Col. Bradſtreet's Command, which were returning, and about 3 o'Clock, P. M. we were attacked by a large Body of French and Indians, 4 Miles below the Falls, conſiſting (according to the Information of the Priſoners we have taken) of 400 Canadians, 180 Regulars, and upwards of 100 Indians. They attacked us in our Battoes, which Fire killed many of our People before they could get on Shore. But Col. Bradſtreet behaved ſo brave and active, that he took Poſſeſſion of a ſmall Iſland, and kept the Enemy off for near an Hour, with not more than 20 Men; after which he came over upon the Main, and with not more than 200 Men repulſed the Enemy, who had forded the River upon us in great Numbers. The Action continued for upwards of two Hours, yet we have not exceeding 60 or 70 killed and wounded. But by what we are able to judge from the Confuſion the French went off in, and the Number of Guns and other Trophies picked up, the Loſs of the Enemy muſt be at leaſt double or triple."

*Extract of a Letter from a Gentleman at Albany, dated 13th of July,* 1756.

"On Monday Colonel Bradſtreet arrived here from Oſwego. On the Third, about 3 o'Clock in the Afternoon, nine Miles on this Side that Place, having about 300 Battoemen with him, in their Battoes, he was attacked from the North Side of the River, by about 700 of the Enemy, of which 200 were Regulars, the reſt Canadians and Indians.—Colonel Bradſtreet, who at that Time was near the Front of his Party, proceeded with ſix Men to a ſmall Iſland near the Enemy, and ordered a few more to follow him there, to keep back the Enemy from fording the River, till the reſt of his Men could land on the South Side of it. He had no ſooner landed with the ſix Men, but he was attacked by Twenty of the Enemy, whom his Party beat back, kept Poſſeſſion of the Iſland, and were joined by ſix more Battoemen. They were then attacked by about 40 of the Enemy, who ſtood their Ground very well, and wounded Eight out of the Twelve; yet, as our People never fired, without each killing his Man, the Enemy gave Way. The Party on the Iſland were then increaſed to about Twenty, beſides the wounded, and were again a third Time attacked by 70 of the Enemy, whom our Folks alſo beat back a third Time. This Affair on the Iſland laſted near an Hour, and had given the reſt of our Battoemen Time to land on the South Side of the River; and thoſe on the Iſland perceiving the Enemy were coming to ſurround them with their whole Strength, retired to the South Side of the River, and were followed by the Enemy. Our People made a faint Flight until the chief of the Enemy had forded the River, then faced about, and puſhed the Enemy back into the River, where they killed great Numbers of them; the reſt took to their Heels; and were ſo cloſely purſued, that they left all their Packs, Blankets and Proviſions, behind, and many of them their Guns. About 40 of our People are killed and miſſing, and Twenty-four ſlightly wounded. The Number of the Enemy killed, is not exactly known, as moſt of them fell in the River, but it muſt be at leaſt triple the Number of ours.——Colonel Bradſtreet has brought two Priſoners with him."

Another Letter from Albany, of the ſame Date, ſays, General Winſlow is to march towards Crown-Point To-morrow with his whole Army, conſiſting of above 7000 Provincial Troops. All their Proviſions and Stores are already up at the Forts Edward and William-Henry. The 48th Regiment moves up to Half-Moon on Thurſday next.

Extract of another Letter from Albany, dated July 13.

*Laſt Thurſday General Abercrombie, in Company with a Number of Gentlemen, took a ride up to the Falls. He had a Guard*

*Guard of 24 Soldiers with him, eight of which marched behind him, and eight on each Side. The Weather was extreme hot, better than it has been this Year; yet he being on Horseback, the Guard were obliged to march very fast to keep up with them. When they came to the Falls, one of the Guard, a Highlander, was taken Light-headed, and imagining he saw an Indian, was going to fire his Gun; but before he could draw his Trigger, he fell down dead. Two more, belonging to Otway's Regiment, fell down after the same Manner, and expired immediately. Thirteen others fainted away, but were brought to by being bled. Some of them are still in a bad Condition.*

*"There is a Man killed at Fort William Henry: Two of the Soldiers were out a Fishing in a small Creek, near the Fort; one of them called out that he heard Indians, and ran for it: The other stood, and was shot and scalped by the Indians.*

*"An Out-scout, of 500 Men, went from Fort Edward the latter End of last Week, to reconnoitre the South-Bay.*

*"Sir WILLIAM JOHNSON arrived the 7th Instant at his Seat at Fort Johnson; and we are informed that he has brought above 200 of the French Indians into the British Interest."*

Extract of a Letter from Boston, dated the 12th Instant, Ten a Clock, A. M.

*"Just now the Courier arrived here from Albany, and brings an Account, that about 1200 French came this Side the Lake the 7th Instant.*

*Extract of a Letter from Oswego, dated July 4.*

I went out a Cruize on the Lake the 23d ultimo. The Sunday following, we saw at Day-break two Sail, which we immediately chased, and behold, as the Day advanced, and we came nearer, we found four large Schooners, the smallest of which was bigger than our largest. The two nearest were within Gun Shot; one of them mounted 14 Guns, most of which by Appearance were Six-pounders; the other mounted eight Ditto. A Council of War was immediately held, and as our two Vessels had but ten Guns between them (five each) and the little Schooner (or Row-boat) only a few Swivels, we thought it our best Way to retreat, and save ourselves. The four Sail chased us for near four Hours; happily we escaped, more by the Goodness of Seamen than Ships. Poor Captain Farmer, in the Row-boat, with the Crew, and eight Soldiers, are taken. Mr. Tunn, in another Row-boat, happening to be out, was chased, and narrowly escaped. We have had 14 Men deserted from Pepperell's Regiment at different Times within this Week. Three Vessels are now on the Stocks, two of which, a Brig and a Sloop, will be launched To-day, and the Snow soon. We have just 26 Guns for five Vessels."

*The Declaration of a Person belonging to the Marine Companies, taken Prisoner the Third of July, 1756, by Captain Bradstreet, commanding near the Oswego Falls.*

DECLARES, That in August, 1750, he embarked at Bourdeaux with about 1500 of the Marine, and landed at Quebec. That from that Time he has been in several of their Garrisons, and lastly in Montreal; from which Place he embarked the 17th of May last, with about 900 Canadians, and 110 of the Marine, under the Command of Capt. Vlelieu; that they stopt three Days at La Galette, and proceeded afterwards to La Benioovera, on the East-side Lake Ontario, 9 Leagues beyond Cataraqui, and 15 Leagues from Oswego.

That they landed the 29th of May, and three Days after were joined by 200 Indians, and marched the next Day with an Intention to cut off the Convoy with Provisions from Albany; but the Indians refusing to go with them to the Oswego Falls, they agreed to go to Fort Ontario, opposite to Oswego, where they attacked and demolished a Serjeant's Guard, and took a Corporal Prisoner; and after firing at the Fort and Town, they retired to the River La Planche, and next Day to their Camp, 15 Leagues from Oswego, where all their Indians except 15 left them. There they rested eight Days; and being joined by 100 Indians of different Nations, they marched a Body consisting of 300 Canadians, 90 of the Marine, and 100 Indians, who on the Third attacked Capt. Bradstreet's Command, on his Return, near the Oswego Falls, where he was taken Prisoner, and can give no satisfactory Account of that Skirmish.

The Prisoner says, that the French have five Vessels on the Lake, besides one of 20 Guns, which was launched a few Weeks ago; that their small Craft are Boats that can row with 14 Oars, and carry upwards of 20 Men, with a considerable Quantity of Provisions.

That the Regiment of La Sarre, and the Regiment Royal Rousillion, computed at about 600 each, together with about 1500 Marines, arrived about six Weeks ago at Quebec; that the first of these Battalions was sent to Crown-Point, the other to Cataraqui, and the Marines into different Garrisons.

That Frontenac is strongly fortified with Stone-Walls. That La Gallette is only 4 Blockhouses, with a weak Garrison. That when he past Niagra in August last, escorting Provisions to Fort Du Quesne, Niagra was then in a weak and ruinous Condition, but that since it is much enlarged, and fortified by Forts on each Side, with a numerous Garrison.

That Fort Du Quesne is a small but well built Fort, with Wood and Earth, a large Ditch round it, and well palliſadoed."

The Honourable Charles Holmes, Esq; Commander in Chief of his Majesty's Ships in North-America, has by Letter to Governor Phips, of Boston, desired, that he would procure two of the most experienced Pilots for the Gulph of St. Lawrence and the Coast of Louisbourg, and send them as soon as possible to Halifax, for his Majesty's Ships the Grafton and Nottingham.

*July* 26. Friday Morning last, between the Hours of Three and Four, came to Town in one of our Pilot-Boats, from on board the Nightingale Man of War, Capt. Campbell, then lying at Sandy-Hook, his Excellency the Right Honourable JOHN Earl of LOUDON, General and Commander in Chief of all his Majesty's Forces in North-America, Colonel of the Royal American Regiment, and Governor of Virginia. Also John Appy, Esq; Secretary, and Capt. James Cunningham, and Capt. Gilbert M'Adam, Aid-de-Camps.

His Lordship thus taking the Advantage of the City in coming up so privately, prevented the Inhabitants giving that public Testimony of Joy and Respect on his Arrival as was intended, by their appearing under Arms: And when at Sun-rise it was noticed to him their Intention still to muster, he recommended it as needless. However, when he was conducted to his House at Whitehall, the Guns on the Battery fired, being about Six o'Clock in the Morning; and about Eleven, his Lordship was waited on by such of the Members of his Majesty's Council, and those of the General Assembly, as were then in Town, and in the Name of those two Boards, congratulated on his safe Arrival in America. They also gave his Lordship Thanks for his engaging in a Service of such Importance to the Honour of his Majesty, and the Interest, Peace, and Safety of all his American Subjects. As did likewise the Mayor and Corporation, the Clergy, and all the Gentlemen in Town:——And at Night the City was handsomely illuminated.

In Company with the Earl of Loudon, arrived his Excellency THOMAS POWNALL, Esq; who is to succeed General SHIRLEY, as Commander in Chief of the Government of the Massachusetts-Bay; and is to attend his Lordship as his Agent for his Majesty's Affairs.

We are told that his Lordship, the Hon. Thomas Pownall, Esq; James Barons, and Oliver De Lancey, Esquires, are to embark To-morrow or Wednesday for Albany.

His Excellency our Governor being at Albany when the Earl of Loudon landed, Expresses were immediately dispatched to him with the Declaration of War brought by his Lordship; and it is thought it will be declared in that City this Day: After which it is probable his Excellency's Orders for it's Declaration in this City will be received here before Saturday next.

Expresses were also sent both to the Eastern and Western Governments, with each of their Dispatches from home.

We hear, that before his Excellency Governor Hardy embarked for Albany, he left a Number of blank Commissions behind him, signed, for the Use of the Privateers.

On Friday last a French Prize Ship, called the Centaur, Monsr. Bellangier, Commander, was sent in here by the Nightingale Man of War. She took her the 17th Instant, and was bound from Martineco to Bourdeaux, laden with Sugar, Cotton and Coffee: She is near 350 Tons Burthen, pierced for 20 Guns, and had 30 Men. The Nightingale chased her for 14 Hours, in which Time she threw overboard six of her Cannon; she is valued at 20,000 *l.* There was a Danish Ship in Company with her.

Capt. Grigg arrived here on Friday last in seven Weeks from Cork, and informs, that just before he sailed Capt. Crawford came into that Port in three Days from Amsterdam, and declared before Authority, That from Paris, Accounts were brought to Amsterdam, which particularized an Action near the Island of Minorca, between the Fleets under Byng and West, and the French Fleet under de la Galissoniere, in which the latter, after an obstinate Engagement, had three Ships of the Line sunk, and two taken: And that the English had a 20 Gun Ship blown up, called the Phœnix, Capt. Hervey.

Capt. Hill, in 39 Days from Madeira, says, That the Spanish Ambassador at Lisbon, had received a Courier, intimating to him, That the British and French Fleets had an Engagement near Minorca of some Hours, when both Sides made a drawn Battle of it; the French Admiral in order to refit, and Admiral Byng with an Intent the better to land the Forces he had on board as a Reinforcement to Fort St. Philip, which, it was reported, he had effected with some Difficulty, and then put out to Sea to engage the Enemy again.

*By Capt, Hill we have the following Extracts, viz.*

*A Letter from Madeira, dated June* 15, 1756.

——"We this Day received the inclosed Intelligence from Lisbon and Barcelona, and communicate it to you. We also hear Commodore Keppel passed by Gibraltar with six large Ships, the 18th of May, to join Admiral Byng; so that it is likely they may have a second Brush; and hope it may prove more decisive, and to our Advantage."——

The subsequent is a Paragraph of a Letter received from Barcelona, dated 22d May, 1756.

——"By Letters of the 14th Inst. it is said, that notwithstanding the French had been landed in Minorca near a Month, they had met with such Difficulty in transporting their Artillery, &c. from Citadulla to St. Philip, for want of Cattle to draw it, that to that Day they had made no Attack against that Castle, but they were in Hopes by the 18th of this Month to have a Battery ready to begin their Fire on Fort-Marlborough, a Sort of detached Out-work. We hear Admiral Byng entered the Bay of Gibraltar the first of this Month, with 13 Ships, where he was joined with Commodore Edgecombe's little Squadron, which had escaped from Mahon; that he immediately took on board the Troops there prepared for the Service, and sailed next Day for Minorca, where we hope he has been arrived some Days, as the Master of an English Vessel who arrived here the 19th Inst. from Genoa, tells us, that the 15th Inst. he was within two Leagues of a Squadron of English Men of War, consisting of 17 large Ships, between the Islands of Ioiza and Majorca; and that one of the said Ships had a blue Flag at her Main Topmast Head; and as the French Fleet kept cruizing near the Entrance of Port-Mahon Harbour, we are in daily Expectation of hearing of an Engagement between the two Fleets, the Success of which will in a great Measure determine the Fate of St. Philip's Castle."

A Letter from Lisbon, dated 4th June, 1756.

*"We are now at the 4th Inst. and hand you the above Extract of our Letter from Barcelona, which is genuine; for this Day arrived an Express to the Spanish Embassador, that there was a naval Fight the 20th ult. between the two Fleets from two in the Morning 'til nine at Night, when the two Fleets retired without a Ship being lost on either Side, so the Success entirely depends on Byng's having thrown Succours into St. Philip. We are, &c."*

*A Letter from Boston, per Saturday's Mail, July* 19.

——"Yesterday arrived at Marblehead, a Ship which left Lisbon the 8th of June; and by Letters from thence of the 5th (the Veracity of which may be depended on) we are informed, that News came to Court the Day before, in Substance this; That there had been an Engagement (the Day not mentioned in the Letters) between the British Squadron under Admiral Byng, consisting of 13 Sail only, and the French under Monsr. Galissoniere, consisting of 16, near the Island of Minorca, which began between 2 and 3 *P. M.* and continued with great Obstinacy till the Evening. In this Engagement the former suffered most, but have made as good a Retreat as, considering the great Superiority of the Enemy, could have been expected, having brought off all their Ships, tho' many dismasted. What Port they reached was not known.——This Stroke, it was imagined, would be succeeded by the Surrender of Fort St. Philip——The Particulars must soon be known, as many Vessels are expected here from the Mediterranean. *I am, &c."*

*Letter from Albany, dated July* 18.

"This Morning the last Division of the Provincial Forces marched out of Town for the Forts towards Crown-Point: And General Abercrombie's Regiment is gone to Oswego.

Our Accounts from Oswego are, That fourteen of Col. Bradstreet's Men, who were missing in the Action on the 3d Instant, got safe to that Fort; and that a Detachment was sent out, but got to the Place of Action too late to be of any Service. That the next Day another Detachment, with two Captains and six Subalterns, were sent down to reconnoitre the Woods, and found Numbers of the dead Bodies of the Enemy, as also some of their Muskets, Blankets, &c.——And it is thought we have got near 100 of their Muskets: This last Detachment, while they were out, took a Frenchman Prisoner, who had been in the Action; and had informed Col. Mercer sundry Particulars concerning Cataraqui, which is not at present made public.——He declared, that the Party that attacked Col. Bradstreet, had been waiting for the Col. some Time, and were sure of Success; but discovering themselves too soon, under a false Notion of being discovered by our Men, it turned the Tables too severe upon them, Numbers being killed as they were in the Rivers, whilst as many shared the same Fate on Shore."

*Another Letter from Albany, dated July* 19.

"Capt. Rogers has brought into Fort William-Henry 8 Prisoners, and 4 Scalps, which he took in Lake Champlain, being the whole Crew of two large Whale-Boats, loaded with a very considerable Quantity of Provisions, which he sunk with the Boats. Rogers some how unaccountably got by both the Enemy's Forts, with five Whale-Boats and Fifty Men, undiscovered, cutting a Road thro' the Bushes, and first carrying their Packs, and then their Whale-Boats, on their Shoulders to Lake Champlain. On his Return, he drew his Boats into the Bushes on the Side of the Lake, together with a Pipe of Wine, and another of Brandy, which he took out of the Boats-----designed, he says, as a Refreshment to him and his Men when they go upon another such Enterprize that Way."

*A Letter from Oswego, dated July* 13.

"Col. Bradstreet, in his Engagement the 3d Inst. had 15 Men killed, and about 24 wounded, and his Party killed of the Enemy we suppose 70 or 100, as 70 odd of their Arms were found by our Detachments, which, joined to those found by Col. Bradstreet's Men, denote a considerable Slaughter. As a Reinforcement to Bradstreet was necessary, 200 Men were dispatched from here to assist; but found no Enemy when we arrived at the Place of Action, they having gone, we imagine, to Frontenac.

The

*The following gives the Particulars of the Action on* Lake-Ontario, *on Sunday* June *the 27th.* 1756. *And at the ſame Time ſhews the Strength of the Enemy on the* Lake, *unknown to us before.*

" At half paſt 3 in the Morning, the Sloop Oſwego, Commodore Bradley, mounted with four 4 Pounders, one 3 Pounder, and 10 Swivels, manned with 45 Men, Sailors and Soldiers; with the Ontario, Capt. Lafory, of the ſame Number of Guns and Men, together with Capt. Farmer, in a ſmall Schooner of 14 Men, and 6 Swivel Guns; ſaw two French Veſſels to Windward, when the Commodore threw out Signals for Chace, which being quickly obſerved, they all three hauled their Wind, and gave Chace, getting every Thing ready to engage. At 3 Quarters paſt three ſaw two more Sail in the ſame Quarter, when the two neareſt hove to, hoiſted a white Flag, at the Fore-topmaſt-head, and fired two Guns to Leeward, as a Signal for the two Windwardmoſt Veſſels to join them. At five, being diſtant from the French Commodore one Mile and a half, found they were all four Schooners, the two neareſt large Veſſels, with ſeven Guns a Side. On this Capt. Lafory of the Ontario, being called on board the Commodore, it was agreed moſt prudent to avoid engaging, the Enemy being greatly ſuperior to them; and they all three bore away, and made all the Sail they could for Oſwego, the four Schooners of the Enemy giving Chace, and firing ſeveral Broadſides and Chace Guns, which happily did no Damage.—Capt. Farmer in the ſmall Schooner fell aſtern of the other two very much, and the Enemy coming up faſt, he haul'd his Wind to the Northward; and the four French Schooners giving him Chace, and firing their Chaces at him till Eleven o'Clock, when the Fire ceaſed, and our other Schooners being then out of Sight, imagine Capt. Farmer to be taken. At 2 in the Afternoon the two other Schooners got to Oſwego; and the next Day the French chaced another ſmall Schooner within 6 Miles of Oſwego."

*The following Relation from Albany of the Engagement between our Battoemen under Captain Bradſtreet, and the French Regular Troops, Canadians and Indians, is more particular than any we have yet received,* viz.

" That the Battoes were returning in a diſperſed Manner from Oſwego. That about 50 of our Battoes that were foremoſt were attacked by the Enemy from the Eaſt Side of the River, about 10 or 11 Miles from Oſwego, who killed ſeveral of our People, and took their Battoes, in which about 300 of the Enemy croſſed over to the Weſt-ſide of the River. That when Capt. Bradſtreet came up with a few Battoes, where the reſt of the Enemy were poſted on the Eaſt-ſide of the River, they fired upon him. Some other Battoes ſoon came up and joined him. He went upon an Iſland near the Weſt Shore, where the Enemy's Fire wounded ſeveral of his Men. The Battoes ſtill coming up, Capt. Bradſtreet's Party increaſed to about 200 Men. The Enemy made three Attempts to ford the River, in order to attack Mr. Bradſtreet, but were each time beat back with Loſs. Their Fire then ceaſed, and Captain Bradſtreet judging they were gone to the upper or lower Ford, in order to get over there, he ſent Orders to the Officers of the Battoemen, who were near the lower Ford, to defend that Poſt, and he at the ſame Time landed with the 200 Men, and proceeded forwards along the River Side, in order to obſtruct the Enemy's Landing at the upper Ford. Before he could take Poſt there, the 300 of the Enemy, who had croſſed in our Battoes, and were marching to attack us, met Captain Bradſtreet and his Party. They were very near together before they diſcovered each other. They engaged, and after they had fired on each other for ſome Time, Captain Bradſtreet ordered his Men to give a Huzza, and ruſh upon the Enemy, which they did, and put them to Flight. The Enemy took to the River, where our People kept firing upon them, and killed Numbers.

The Enemy, who remained on the Eaſt-ſide of the River, after they had been three times repulſed by our People, in endeavouring to ford over, made no further Attempts, and did not appear in the Action, ſeeing our Battoes coming up the River in ſuch Numbers. The Priſoner ſays there were about 600 Regulars and Canadians and about 100 Indians. We have taken near 100 Arms, two Priſoners, and a great many Packs of the Enemy's.

It is thought the Enemy loſt at leaſt 100 Men, and, from the Diſcoveries made by our Scouts the next Morning, they had many wounded. Amongſt the Slain were ſeveral Indians. It is judged our Loſs amounts to about 40. We had 25 ſlightly wounded."

PHILADELPHIA, *July* 29.

*Extract of a Letter from a Gentleman in London, to his Correſpondent in Philadelphia, dated May* 1.

" Your Proprietors, as I have in another Letter hinted, " out of Compliments to the King, and Duke of Cumberland, offered to commiſſionate whomſoever they ſhould " nominate to be Governor of Pennſylvania, and thereupon " THOMAS POWNALL, Eſq; who was not long " ſince in your Parts, was propoſed for Governor, and he " waited on the Penns, or one of them accordingly; but " they inſiſting on his giving Five Thouſand Pounds Bond, " to obſerve ſuch Inſtructions as they ſhould give him; he " (to his Honour be it ſpoken) abſolutely refuſed accepting " the Offer. This Conduct of the Proprietors, it's thought, " will not tend to their Reputation, but render them diſa- " greeable to the King and Miniſtry. And if it ſhould oc- " caſion thoſe Inſtructions to be brought to Light, your " Aſſembly will then need no other Vindication. The In- " novations which are attempting to be made in your Con- " ſtitution at this Time, (the moſt improper of all Times) " will, no doubt, appear to have ſprung from that Foun- " tain only, and to have been the principal Cauſe of all " the Oppoſition made to your Grants for his Majeſty's Ser- " vice.——However, for your Comfort, I have the Pleaſure " to aſſure you, that a new Governor will be appointed ſoon, " but upon what Terms I do not know; they cannot be " worſe than heretofore."

*Extract of another Letter from London, dated May* 6.

" I am this Day credibly informed, that another Perſon " is nominated to be Governor of your Province, and very " probably will be commiſſionated. He is Capt. William " Denny, a Gentleman of good Character; and 'tis ſaid he " will alſo be made Lieutenant-Colonel; but on what " Terms he has agreed with the Proprietors, I am ignorant " of as yet, but it's thought they will be more lax than " formerly: If they are not, I cannot conceive how he will " have it in his Power, either to ſerve his Majeſty, the " Proprietors, or the People."

*July* 29. A Letter from Antigua, dated the 6th Inſtant, ſays, " On Sunday the Blandford Man of War brought in a large Bourdeaux Man."

And from Barbados there is Advice that Capt. Falkingham, in one of our Ships of War, has taken a Snow from the ſame Place, bound to Martineco.

*Extract of a Letter from Winchester, dated July* 20.

" Colonel Waſhington, returned here from Fort Cumberland Yeſterday, and brings an Account that the Indians are ſtill about that Place. A Party of his were defeated while he was there, and a Soldier ſcalped, who went to the Spring to get Water, about 300 Yards from the Fort."

*Extract of a Letter from Carliſle, dated July* 22.

" On the 20th Inſtant two Soldiers, belonging to Capt. Steel's Company, who were guarding ſome Reapers near M'Dowell's Mill, happening to go a little Diſtance from them, one of them was killed and ſcalped, and the other is ſuppoſed to be carried off. And another Soldier, going to guard two Girls to a Spring, was taken Priſoner, but the Girls eſcaped. About the ſame time a Dutchman and his Wife were ſcalped near Philip Dabie's, on the Maryland Side of the Line.

" Yeſterday, within ten Miles of this Town, near M'Clure's Gap, ſome Indians (the Number uncertain) came to the Houſe of Jacob Peeple, about 7 in the Morning, and killed and ſcalped his Wife, and carried off two of his Children; one a Boy about 13 Years of Age; the other a Girl, about 2 Years old. One Salmon, a Shoemaker, is miſſing; but as he was old, I imagine they have only carried him off to get Intelligence, and then will murder him. The Diſtreſs and Confuſion of the People flying to the Forts, with the moſt valuable of their Effects, is not to be expreſſed. I went, with ſome others, to the Place where the Murder was committed, but the Woman was buried before we got there. The Indian Wife of John Owen, and another Indian Woman, have left Fort Shirley, and it is imagined are gone to the Ohio with one M'Lure, a Soldier, who has deſerted."

ANNAPOLIS, *Auguſt* 5.

Laſt Friday Evening came to Town, an Expreſs from Lord LOUDON, at *New-York*, with his Majeſty's Declaration of War, directed to his Excellency our Governor.

For ſome Time paſt a Diſtemper has raged among the Dogs in many Parts of this Province, whereof great Numbers have died. People have imprudently afterwards flung them into the Rivers and Creeks. It would be much better to bury them in the Earth.


*Monday next, will be* PUBLISHED,

THE LAWS made at the laſt long Seſſion of Aſſembly; and will, a few Days after, be delivered to *John Raitt*, Eſq; Sheriff of this County, to be ſent to all the Counties in the Province, as the Law directs. They are to be Sold at 3*s.* 6*d.* by *J. Green.*

*If Wanted, may be had, by applying to the Printer hereof, at a reaſonable Price,*

A YOUNG active Fellow, inclined for the Sea, who has lately made ſome Attempts for that Service.

TO BE SOLD,

*For Bills of Exchange, Sterling Money, Gold, Silver, or Current Money,*

A TRACT of Land, adjoining to *George-Town*, in *Frederick* County, containing 230 Acres or thereabouts, convenient for Trade, with a good Dwelling-Houſe, fifty Feet long and thirty Feet wide, four Rooms on a Floor, with a good Kitchen and Office, with Brick Chimneys. Alſo one Acre of Ground in *George-Town*, with two large Inſpection-Houſes; whither, in a good Crop-Year, come upwards of a Thouſand Hogſheads of Tobacco. A large Stone-Houſe, adjoining the Inſpection-Houſes, with a Kitchen and Garden, convenient for a Public-Houſe. Store-Houſes, beſides, and other improv'd Lots.

One Tract of Land, lying on *Gooſe-Creek*, in *Prince-George's* County, two Miles from *George-Town*, containing 286 Acres, 80 of which fit for Meadow-Ground; whereon there are two Apple-Orchards and other Improvements: This lies convenient too to the Eaſtern Branch of *Potowmack*.

Any Perſons inclinable to buy either of the above Tracts of Land, Houſes, or improv'd Lots, may apply to the Subſcriber, living at the *Wood-Yard*, in *Prince-George's* County, *Maryland*: Where they may be ſupplied, likewiſe, with choice NEGROES of either Sex, and of any Age.

GEORGE GORDON.

*N. B.* Any one that buys the Tract of Land and Dwelling-Houſe adjoining to *George-Town*, ſhall have Time given him for Payment of Part.

DESERTED from the *Maryland* Forces, at *Fort-Frederick*, *William Withers*, alias *Deloney*, and *John Hawkins*.

*Withers*, an *Iriſhman*, aged about 34 Years, a ſtrait Fellow, about 5 Feet 11 Inches high, has dark brown Hair, full grey Eyes, much marked on the Face by the Small-Pox, and ſpeaks plain *Engliſh*: Had on when he went away, an old blue Coat, an old Felt Hat, a coarſe white Linen Shirt, and ſtrong Shoes not much worn: He carried off with him a Gun that appeared on the out Side of the Barrel like a Riſle, but was ſmooth bored.

*John Hawkins*, an *Engliſhman*, aged about 29 Years, a well-ſet Fellow, about 5 Feet 6 Inches high, has black Hair, and a freſh Complexion: He lived ſome Time as a Servant with the Widow *Swaford*, betwixt the North and South Mountain, in *Frederick* County, *Maryland*. He had on when he went away, an old Felt Hat, a white coarſe Cloth Coat, dirty Leather Breeches, coarſe white Worſted Stockings, and ſtrong Shoes not much worn: He carried off with him a Carbine and Riſle.

Whoever apprehends either of the ſaid Deſerters will be entitled to Twenty Shillings Reward; and any Perſon who may conceal or entertain them, or purchaſe their Arms, will be puniſhed as the Law directs. JOHN DAGWORTHY.

THERE is at the Plantation of *Greenbury Ridgely*, at *Elk-Ridge*, taken up as a Stray, a ſmall Sorrel Mare, branded with a Pot-Hook on the near Shoulder and Buttock, has a bald Face, and her hind Feet are white.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of *Joſeph Hall*, near *Elk-Ridge*, taken up as a Stray, a ſmall Grey Mare, branded on the near Shoulder with a Figure of 9, and on the near Buttock with a Figure of 4, and has ſome Brand on the other Side, but ſo blind that it cannot be diſcerned.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

THE Subſcriber having been a long Time confined for Debt in *Anne-Arundel* County Goal, and not having wherewith to redeem his Body, hereby gives Notice, That he intends to apply to the next General Aſſembly for an Act for his Relief. WILLIAM MATHERLY.

THE Subſcribers having been a long Time confined in *Queen-Anne's* County Goal, for Debt, and not having wherewith to ſatisfy their Creditors, and redeem their Bodies, hereby give Notice, That they intend to apply to the next General Aſſembly for an Act for their Relief.

JOHN PRIMROSE,
WILLIAM COYEN,
NICHOLAS SEYMOUR,
EDMUND LOWE.


JUST

JUST IMPORTED,

*In the Ship* NEW-CUNLIFFE, *Capt.* SAMUEL MATHEWS, *and to be SOLD by the Subscriber, at* Oxford, *for Bills, Cash, or Tobacco,*

A LARGE Assortment of *European* and other GOODS, particularly a Quantity of *Liverpool* SALT, which will be sold cheaper on board the Ship than when landed, for want of Warehouse Room. H. CALLISTER.

JOHN BENNETT, in ANNAPOLIS, sells all Sorts of manufactured TOBACCO, in small or large Quantities.

IMPORTED in the Ship *Severn*, Captain *Rawlings*, lying in *Patapsco* River (for which, as yet, no Owner can be found), N°. 1, a Box of Sundries, N°. 2, a Case of Pewter, and a small Paper Parcel of *India* Goods, mark'd I G, and *per* Manifest directed for one *Joseph Gray*; a Box, mark'd I M W, N°. 1, directed for one *Joseph Wilson*; and two half Chests of Lemons, mark'd C W. The Persons, to whom they belong, are desired to send Word where they live, and they shall be sent by the first safe Conveyance.

WANTED,

A MILLER, who understands Grinding and Bolting. Such a one, well recommended, may meet with good Encouragement, by applying to the Printer hereof.

NOTICE is hereby given, That on the 11th Day of *August* will be Sold to the highest Bidder, a Tract of Land called *Steer's Park*, lying on the North Side of *Patapsco* River, and near Mr. *Richard Jacobs*'s, senior, containing One Hundred Acres; by Virtue of an Act of Assembly, passed in 1755, for the Relief of *Jasper Hall*, junior. The Sale to begin at three of the Clock in the Afternoon, on the Stadt-House-Hill, in *Annapolis*. JOHN RAITT, Sheriff of *Anne-Arundel* County.

RAN away from the Subscriber, living in *Calvert* County, on the 20th of *July* last, a Servant Man, named *Michael Pane*, aged about 34 Years, of a pale Complexion, has sandy Hair, and is of a middle Size. Had on when he went away, an old Felt Hat, Fearnought Jacket, Osnabrigs Shirt, and old Canvass Trowsers; but had neither Shoes nor Stockings.

Whoever will secure the said Servant, so that his Master may have him again, shall be well rewarded. THOMAS REYNOLDS.

JUST IMPORTED,

*In the Ship* CONCORD, *Capt.* CARROLL, *and will be exposed to Sale, in a few Days, at my Store in* BALTIMORE-TOWN,

VARIETY of EUROPEAN and EAST-INDIA GOODS, by Wholesale or Retail.

I last Fall advertised my Intentions to depart this Province, and the Uncertainty of my ever returning; and I must once more intreat all Persons indebted to make speedy Payment, to prevent Trouble.

I purchase and give ready Money for any Quantity of Bees-Wax, Beaver, Fox, Racoon, Otter, Mink, and Musk-Rat Skins, provided they are kill'd in Season. JOHN STEVENSON.

*N. B.* Any Quantity of Flax-Seed purchased, as usual, provided it be well cleaned, and not thresh'd out on an Earthen Floor, or damaged.

JUST IMPORTED,

*In the* PEGGY, *Capt.* BENJAMIN BELL, *and to be SOLD by the Subscriber, at his Shop in* BALTIMORE-TOWN, *wholesale or retail, on very reasonable Terms,*

A FRESH Assortment of MEDICINES AND PAINTS of all Kinds.

WILLIAM LYON.

THERE is at the Plantation of Mr. *Samuel Galloway*, near *West-River*, taken up as a Stray, a small Bay Mare, branded on the near Buttock HL (join'd in one).

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

JUST IMPORTED,

*In the* BETSEY, *Capt.* JOHN WHITE, *from* LONDON, *and to be Sold by the Subscriber, at his Stores in* ANNAPOLIS *and* LONDON-TOWN, *at reasonable Rates, for ready Money, or short Credit,*

SCARLET, blue, black, and Cloth colour'd Broad-Cloths, *German* Serges, Druggets, *Yorkshire* Cloths, Half-Thicks, Bearskins, Fearnoughts, emboss'd and white Flannels and Serges, *Welsh* Cottons, Horsemens Coats, Pea Jackets, and other Slop Wares; short Cloaks, Camblets, Shalloons of all Colours, Callimancoes, Serge *de Nisme*, Duroys and Sagathies; Tammies, check'd Barley Corns, and other Stuffs, *Norwich* and Hat-band Crapes, Allopeens, Bombazeen, *India* Damasks, Taffaties, plain and strip'd *Persians*; Variety of *India* Chintz and printed Callicoes, Muslins, white Callicoes, white *India* Dimothies, Table-Cloths, and Napkining, *Irish* Linens, and Sheeting of all Kinds, *Scots* Hollands, *Russia* Diaper and Twillings, Check Linens and Chilloes, strip'd Cottons, fine Jeans and dyed Fustians, Petticoat Dimothies, Bed-Ticks, strip'd Duffels, Blankets and Rugs of all Sorts, Pipes, Corks, Sifters, Variety of China, Glass, Earthen, and Stone Ware, Brimstone, Rosin, and Allom, exceeding good Green and Bohea Tea, Loaf Sugar, *Florence* Oil, Nails, Axes, and other Iron Ware, Tin, Pewter, and Brasiery Ware, Hats, Shoes, and Stockings, Pepper, and other Spices, Salt Petre, Fig-Blue, Starch, and Indico, light Carbines, fitted with Bayonets, Slings and Cartouch-Boxes, *&c.* Gunpowder, Lead, and all Sorts of Shot, Gun-Flints, *Weston*'s Snuff, Ship-Chandlery, Cables, and all other Sorts of Running and Standing Rigging, Anchors, Sail-Twine, deep Sea and other Lines, *Barbados* Rum, and *Muscovado* Sugar, with great Variety of Goods, not particularly mentioned. JAMES DICK.

RAN away from the Subscriber, living in *Prince-George's* County, about the 10th of *June* last, a Mulatto Man, named *Cyrus*; he is a very short, well-set, bow-leg'd Fellow, wears long Hair for one of his Colour, if not cut off since he went away; his Dress I can't describe, because I have Reason to believe he has stole Cloaths since he ran away; he was brought up in *Pennsylvania*, and understands Farming. Whoever brings him to the Subscriber, shall have Twenty Shillings more than the Law allows, paid by

THOMAS GANTT, junior.

TEN POUNDS REWARD.

RAN away from the Subscriber, in *Baltimore* County, on the 13th of *June* last, two Servant Men, *viz.*

*James Murphey*, a lusty Fellow, of a sandy Complexion, about 34 Years of Age, was born in this County, and pretends to understand Farming. Had on when he went away, an old Felt Hat, old Linsey Jacket, Osnabrigs Shirt, Tow Trowsers, and old Shoes. He took a Woman with him, he calls his Wife, whose Name is *Phebe*; but, as she is big with Child, 'tis probable he may leave her by the Way.

*Thomas Warner*, a Convict, he pretends to be a Gardener by Trade, is a slim Fellow, about 5 Feet 9 Inches high, of a swarthy Complexion. Had on and with him, an old Felt Hat, a greyish colour'd fulled Jacket, a coarse Holland Shirt, Sailor's Trowsers, a Pair of white Ticken Breeches, Worsted Stockings, and old Shoes.

Whoever takes up the said Servants, and brings them to their Master, shall have TEN POUNDS Reward, or FIVE POUNDS for either of them, and reasonable Charges. JOHN WILLMOTT.

JUST IMPORTED,

*In the* BETSEY, *Capt.* JOHN WHITE, *from* LONDON, *and to be Sold by the Subscriber, at his Store near the Dock in* Annapolis, *at reasonable Rates, wholesale or retail, for Current Money, Bills of Exchange, or Tobacco,*

GREAT Variety of *European* and *East-India* GOODS, suitable to the SEASON.

JOHN RAITT.

JOHN MOALE,

INTENDING for *England* this Fall, desires all Persons indebted to him and Mr. *Charles Croxall*, to make speedy Payment, otherwise they may expect to be dealt with as the Law directs: Those who have any just Claims on them, are desired to bring in their Accounts, which shall be duly paid. They have on Hand about Four Hundred Pounds prime Cost of *European* and *India* GOODS, at their Store in *Baltimore-Town*, which they will sell very cheap by wholesale, for Bills of Exchange, Paper-Money, Gold, or good Tobacco, and a reasonable Time given for Payment.

THE Subscriber having set up a TAN-YARD in *Annapolis*, and provided it with every Necessary for carrying on the Business, and likewise procured a Tanner from *England*, who understands it perfectly well, proposes to take in Hides to Tan, at Five Shillings *per* Hide, and Calf-Skins at Two Shillings and Six Pence *per* Skin: As he has so much lessened the Price, he hopes to have the Preference. Those Gentlemen who are disposed to employ him in that Way, may depend on his Care, and having their Leather in a reasonable Time. He likewise gives ready Money for Hides or Skins.

BOOTS and SHOES are made and sold in the usual Manner, at his Shop in *South-East-Street*.

Likewise to be Sold, Mens, Womens, and Childrens LASTS; Womens Shoe-Heels; Masheen, and *Courtman*'s Black-Ball for Shoemaker's Use.

THOMAS HYDE.

COMMITTED to *Baltimore* County Goal, on the 28th of *May* last, one *John Kelley*, who says he belongs to *Benjamin Rush*, living within half a Mile of *Broad-Run-Chapel*, and eight Miles from the Court-House, in *Prince-William* County, in *Virginia*. His Master is desired to come and pay the Charges, and take him away.

CHARLES CHRISTIE, Sheriff.

TO BE SOLD,

*For Sterling Money, good Bills of Exchange, Gold, Silver, or Paper Currency,*

THE following Tracts and Parcels of Land, *viz.*

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| *Rover's Content*, | 466 | Acres. |
| Part of *The Inclosure*, | 89 | |
| Part of *Goodluck*, | 445 | |
| *Fife*, - - - | 78 | |
| *Beall's Chance*, | 290 | |
| *Father's Gift*, | 183 | |
| *Bread and Cheese Hall*, | 91 | |

These are all adjoining, and make a Body of choice well timbered Land, whereon are Three Plantations, with good Orchards, lying in *Prince George's* County, within five Miles of *Bladensburg*, ten of *Upper-Marlborough*, and six of the *Eastern Branch* Ferry.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| *Coupper*, | 113 | Acres. |
| Part of *Layhill*, | 649 | |
| *Beall's Reserve*, | 380 | |
| *Drumeldry*, | 225 | |

The Four last mentioned lie in *Beall's Neck*, in *Frederick* County, not above twelve Miles from *Bladensburg*, being a choice Parcel of fine Wood-Land.

Also 459 Acres of Land, being Part of a Tract called *Allison's Park*, lying likewise in *Frederick* County, on or near a Branch, called and known by the Name of *Captain John's Branch*.

Any Person inclinable to purchase Part of the first mentioned seven Tracts, lying in *Prince George's* County, may have the Quantity desired, provided it be taken so as not to incommode the remaining Part, to render it unserviceable, or prejudice the Sale thereof; and likewise, any Part of the several Tracts, in *Frederick* County, in like Manner.

The Title and Terms may be known, by applying to the Subscriber, or to *Josias Beall*, junior, living on *Ackpisick*, near *Piscataway*, in *Prince George's* County. JOHN BEALL, junior.

*N. B.* Time will be given for the Payment of Part, on good Security, if required.

*ANNAPOLIS:* Printed by JONAS GREEN, POST-MASTER, at his OFFICE in *Charles-street*; by whom all Persons may be supplied with this GAZETTE, at 12 *s.* 6 *d. per* Year. ADVERTISEMENTS of a moderate Length are taken in and inserted for Five Shillings the first Week, and One Shilling each Week after the First.